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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
08/573,519	12/15/1995	HIDEO TAKIGUCHI	862.1336	5613
5514	7590 04/19/2006		EXAMINER	
FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA			JANKUS, ALMIS R	
NEW YORK, NY 10112		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Comments	08/573,519	TAKIGUCHI ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Almis R. Jankus	2628
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 Fe This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final.	
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1,5-20,22-34,110-114,125,126 and 12 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1,5-20,22-34,110-114,125,126 and 12 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceed to the drawing and the correction of the correction	vn from consideration. 28-134 is/are rejected. election requirement. epted or b) □ objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the election is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the election is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the election is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the election is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the election is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the election is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the election is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the election is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the election is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the election is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the election is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the election is required in the drawing(s) is objected to by the election is required in the drawing(s) is objected to by the election is required in the drawing(s) is objected to by the election is required in the drawing(s) is objected to by the election is required in the drawing(s) is objected to by the election is required in the drawing(s) is objected to by the election is required in the drawing(s) is objected to by the election is required in the drawing(s) is objected to by the election is required in the drawing(s) is objected to by the election is required in the drawing(s) is objected to by the election is required in the electio	Examiner. e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	

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DETAILED ACTION

- 1. Claims 1, 5-20, 22-34, 110-114, 125, 126, and 128-134 are presented for examination.
- The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35
 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1, 5-20, 22-34, 110-114, 125, 126 and 128-134 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Mackinlay et al.

With respect to claim 1, Mackinlay et al. teach the claimed displaying data items included within a similar level of linkage position simultaneously in a substantially same size; and displaying first data items, and second data items linked to said first data items, which are not included within the similar level of linkage position, mutually distinguishably in different sizes determined according to a distance of a linkage between the first and second data, wherein the data items represent time-series data accumulated time-sequentially, and displayed so that the distance of a linkage between

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the displayed first and second data items corresponds to an interval from an accumulated time of the first data items to an accumulated time of the second data items, at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

With respect to claim 5, Mackinlay teaches the claimed displaying a first data item associated with a first time in which said first data item has been created, in a first size; and displaying a second data item associated with a second time which is contiguous to said first time and in which said second data item has been created, in a second size different from the first size, so that a change of size between said the first and second sizes corresponds to a temporal direction between said first and second time, at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 6 further requires wherein said distinguishable display is such that a display screen for said second data items is displayed with a smaller size than one for said first data items. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 7 further requires wherein said first data items are displayed at an outermost position in a display screen, and said second data items are displayed inside said first

data items with a display area thereof made smaller. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 8 further requires wherein third data items associated with a time contiguous to the time of said second data items are retrieved, and said third data items are displayed inside said second data items with a display area thereof made smaller. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 9 further requires wherein a display of each date is limited to a given number of data items, and wherein when the number of data items exceeds said given number, said data items are classified in units of a finer date and displayed distinguishably.

Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 10 further requires wherein when zoom-in is designated for a screen display, the display positions of said first to third data items are shifted outward and the display areas thereof are made larger. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 11 further requires wherein when said zoom-in is continued for designated period of time, said first data items are moved out of a display screen, and new data

associated with a date contiguous to a date of data displayed at an innermost position is retrieved and displayed at said innermost position. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 12 further requires wherein when zoom-out is designated for a screen display, the display positions of said first to third data items are shifted inward and the display areas thereof are made smaller. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 13 further requires wherein when said zoom-out is continued for a designated period of time, data displayed at an innermost position is moved out of a display screen, and new data associated with a date contiguous to a date of data displayed at an outermost position is retrieved and displayed at said outermost position. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 14 further requires wherein said zoom-in or zoom-out is designated in a screen, a speed of shifting display positions is varied depending on a designated position in said screen. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 15 further requires wherein graphics such as rings or squares representing dates associated with displays are nested and displayed together with representations of data items. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 16 further requires wherein said nested display is realized by arranging said graphics such as rings or squares representing dates associates with displays concentrically in units of a given date, and then displaying data items orderly in said graphics. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 17 further requires wherein said graphics such as rings or squares representing dates associated with displays are displayed in different colors associated with said dates. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 18 further requires wherein said data items are positioned in said graphics at random. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

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Claim 19 further requires wherein said random positions are specified at the time of data registration. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 20 further requires wherein said accumulated time-series data items include data items accumulated in one-to-one correspondence to dates of creation of data files, data items accumulated in one-to-one correspondence to dates of correction of files, and data items accumulated in one-to-one correspondence to designated dates registered by a user. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

With respect to claim 22, Mackinlay teaches the claimed a storage means for storing data accumulated in one-to-one correspondence to times; and a displaying means for displaying a first data item of a first time in which said first data item has been created, in a first size and second data item of a second time which is contiguous to said first time and in which said second data item has been created, in a second size different from the first size, so that a change of size between the first and second sizes corresponds to a temporal direction between said first and second time, at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 23 further requires wherein said displaying means displays a display screen for said data items associated with a time contiguous to said desired time with a smaller

size than a display screen for said data items of said desired time according to an elapsed time. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

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Claim 24 further requires wherein said display8ing means displays said data items of said desired time at an outermost position in a display screen, and displays said data items of a time contiguous to said desired time inside said data items of said desired data with a display area therefore made smaller according to an elapsed time. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 25 further requires wherein said displaying means includes a display limiting means for limiting a display of each time to a given number of data items, and a display dividing means that when the number of data items exceeds said given number, classifies said data items in units of a finer time and displays said data items mutually distinguishably. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 26 further requires wherein said storage means includes a subdividing and accumulating means for subdividing a data accumulation unit into units of a finer time in the event that the number of data items should exceed said given number, and then

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accumulating data items. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 27 further requires a zoom designating means for use in designating zoom-in or zoom-out for a screen display, and a zoom control means that when zoom-in is designated, shifts the display positions of data items outward so as to increase the display areas thereof, and that when zoom-out is designated, shifts the display positions of data items inward so as to decrease the display areas thereof. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 28 further requires wherein when zoom-in is designated, said zoom control means moves said data of said desired time out of a display screen, retrieves new data items associated with a time contiguous to a time of data displayed at an innermost position, and displays said new data items at said innermost position, and wherein when zoom-out is designated, said zoom control means moves said data items displayed at said innermost position out of a display screen, retrieves new data associated with a time contiguous to a time of data items displayed at an outermost position, and displays said new data items at said outermost position. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 29 further requires wherein said zoom designating means includes a designation input means for use in making a designation in a screen, and said zoom control means varies a speed of shifting display positions depending on a designated position in said screen. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

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Claim 30 further requires wherein said displaying means includes a means for displaying graphics such as rings or squares representing times associated with displays concentrically in units of a given time, and a means for displaying data items orderly in said graphics, and wherein said graphics such as rings or squares representing times associated with displays are nested and displayed together with representations of data items. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 31 further requires wherein said displaying means displays said graphics such as rings or squares representing times associated with displays in different colors associated with said times. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 32 further requires wherein said display8ing means positions data items in said graphics at random. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 33 further requires wherein said storage means determines said random positions at the time of data registration. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 34 further requires wherein said stored time-series data items include data items stored in one-to-one correspondence to times of creation of data files, data items stored in one-to-one correspondence to times of correction of files, and data items stored in one-to-one correspondence to designated times registered by a user. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

With respect to claim 110, Mackinlay teaches the claimed computer readable program code means for displaying data items included within a similar level of linkage position simultaneously in a substantially same size; and computer readable program code means for displaying first data items, and second data items linked to said first data items, which are not included within the similar level of linkage position, mutually distinguishably in different sizes determined according to a distance of a linkage between the first and second data, wherein the data items represent time-series data accumulated time-sequentially, and displayed so that the distance of a linkage between the displayed first and second data items corresponds to an interval from an accumulated time of the first data items to an accumulated time of the second data

items, at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 111 further requires the computer usable medium further having data linked to be used by said computer readable program code means. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

With respect to claim 112, Mackinlay teaches the claimed computer readable program code means for displaying a first data item associated with a first time in which said first data item has been created, in a first size and a second data item associated a second time which is contiguous to said first time and in which said second data item has been created, in a second size different from the first size, so that a change of size between the first and second sizes corresponds to a temporal direction between said first and second time, at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 113 further requires including computer readable program code means for zooming in said first and second data items by shifting data in a direction of said second data items to said first data items and making a display area larger, and for zooming out said first and second data items by shifting data in a direction of said first data items to said second data items and making the display area smaller. Mackinlay teach this at

the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 114 further requires wherein the computer usable medium further having timeseries data to be used by said computer readable program code means. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

With respect to claim 125, Mackinlay teaches the claimed a first displaying means for displaying data items included within a similar level of linkage position simultaneously in a substantially same size; and a second displaying means for displaying first data items, and second data items linked to said first data items, which are not included within the similar level of linkage position, mutually distinguishably in different sizes determined according to a distance of a linkage between the first and second data items, wherein the data items represent time-series data accumulated time-sequentially, and displayed so that the distance of a linkage between the displayed first and second data items corresponds to an interval from an accumulated time of the first data items to an accumulated time of the second data items, at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 126 further requires wherein said data items are displayed with a plurality of stepped sizes according to distances of linkages among a plurality of levels. Mackinlay

teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 128 further requires wherein said data items represent hierarchical data managed hierarchically and are displayed by regarding a depth in a hierarchy as the distance of a linkage. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 129 further requires wherein new data items on the temporal direction are displayed in relatively large size while old data items on the temporal direction are displayed in relatively small size. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 130 further requires wherein data items on a perimeter of a screen are displayed in relatively large size while data items on a center of the screen are displayed in relatively small size. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 131 further requires wherein said display means displays new data items on the temporal direction in relatively large size while displaying old data items on the temporal direction in relatively small size. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

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Claim 132 further requires wherein said display means displays data items on a perimeter of a screen in relatively large size while displaying data items on a center of the screen in relatively small size. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

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Claim 133 further requires wherein a new data item on the temporal direction is displayed in relatively large size while old data items on the temporal direction are displayed in relatively small size. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

Claim 134 further requires wherein data items on a perimeter of a screen are displayed in relatively large size while data items on a center of the screen are displayed in relatively small size. Mackinlay teach this at the whole article, with special notice to page 111 figure 3, and the section entitled Spiral Calendar.

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Almis R. Jankus whose telephone number is 571-272-7643. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 6:30-3:00.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Razavi can be reached on 571-272-7664. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

ΑJ

ALMIS R. JANKUS PRIMARY EXAMINER Page 16